



Application method

Basic cleaning (removal of limescale/descaling)

Limescale removal should remove mineral dirt like cement residue, limescale deposits or even rust from *acid-resistant* natural and artificial stone surfaces.



Step 1: Protect nearby floor areas

Cover nearby floor areas, furniture, equipment, cable ducts etc. with foil and affix with water-resistant, residue-free, removable adhesive tape.

Tip!

Use an old doormat to protect flooring. These mats absorb moisture, while the rubber side prevents moisture from reaching the floor.



Step 2: Water joints beforehand

In order to protect cement joints from the acid, cover the surface to be cleaned thoroughly with clear water in advance.



Step 3: Dose, prepare ready-to-use solution

First add water, then add the correct amount of detergent, following the dosage instructions on the label. Always use cold water!

Follow operating instructions. Wear personal protective equipment.





The safety advice and instructions for use on the containers, the product information and the safety data sheet must be observed. Please also observe the cleaning and maintenance recommendations of the manufacturers as well as the instruction manual of the machines and equipment used.







Step 4: Distribute cleaning solution

Cover a floor area of approx. 30–40 m² with plenty of cleaning solution.



Step 5: Allow the cleaning solution to take effect

Leave the cleaning solution to act for approx. 5–15 minutes, depending on the level of dirt. Do not allow the cleaning solution to dry!



Step 6: Scrub the floor area using a machine

Use a suitable pad and rotary floor machine to scrub the floor covering in even, overlapping strokes. Turn over or replace dirty pads with new ones.

Tip!

In the case of uneven surfaces, such as safety tiles with run-off zones, we recommend using a roller brush machine.







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Step 7: Clean the edges

Edges, corners, rims and other areas inaccessible to the machine need to be manually treated using a hand pad and an edge-cleaning device.

Tip!

Delta or orbital sanders with a Kiehl-Legno-Pad are also suitable for cleaning rims, corners and edges.



Step 8: Remove the dirty solution

Use a squeegee and wet vacuum cleaner to remove the dirty solution. Always use a wet vacuum cleaner for highly absorbent floorings and structured surfaces. Do not allow the dirty solution to dry!

Tip!

In case of excessive foam build-up, simply add a few squirts of defoamer into the suction hose of the wet vacuum cleaner when switched on.



Step 9: Rinse the surface

Cover the area with clear water and then remove with a wet vacuum cleaner. The remnant layers of dirt can be removed by scrubbing with a rotary floor machine, clear water and a fresh pad. Mop up the remaining moisture with a dry mop.



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Step 10: Clean the devices

Rinse the wet vacuum cleaner, rotary floor machine, bucket etc. and clean inside and out with a cloth. Clean the cable with a cloth and check for damage.



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